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Spring Meetings

Please stop by and say "hello" in May at this year's American Society of Pediatric Hematology/Oncology (**ASPHO**) Annual Meeting in New Orleans as well as the Clinical Immunology Society (**CIS**) Annual Meeting in Chicago. We will be there with the Molecular Genetics Laboratory as the integrated Diagnostic Center for Heritable Immunodeficiencies.



We congratulate Virgil Villanueva on his retirement and thank him for all his wonderful years of service! (pictured here, left to right, with coworkers, Barb Wanstrath, Lindsay Dunn, Carrie Gifford, department AVP, Sue Laupola, and Laboratory Supervisor, Darryl Hake)

THIS ISSUE'S FOCUS – CD45 RARO

We are very pleased to officially introduce our revised CD45 RARO panel. The assay was modified to include singlet gating, CD45, CD27, CCR7 and CD31 to enable identification of subpopulations of Naïve and Memory/Effector cells.

Naïve T lymphocytes are resting T cells that have not yet encountered antigen. Naïve T cells are present in both the CD4 and CD8 subsets. In CD4+ T cells, the naïve cell population can be further divided into those which are recent thymic emmigrants (CD31+) and those which proliferate post-thymically but have not yet encountered antigen (CD31-)¹. See Figure 1.



Memory T cells are long-lived antigen-specific T cells that have the capacity to quickly differentiate to end stage effector cells upon re-exposure to antigen. Memory T cells can be further divided into Central Memory and Effector Memory populations. Central Memory T cells (Tcm) express homing receptors, such as CCR7, that allow the cells to migrate to secondary lymphoid organs versus nonlymphoid tissue. Effector Memory T cells (Tem) are characterized by the presence of immediate effector function. Central and Effector memory T cells are present in both the CD4 and the CD8 subsets². See Figure 2 for examples of Tem and Tcm populations

TEMRA cells (<u>T Effector-Memory cells with</u> reacquired <u>RA</u>) are a subset of very mature effector memory cells that have reacquired RA, and carry the largest amount of perforin of any of the effector cells². Our previous methodology would have classified these as "Naïve," but with our additional markers, we are now able to identify the TEMRA cells (Figure 3). Using eight-color flow cytometry, monoclonal antibodies against antigens characteristic of each of the above populations are used to quantitate the relative proportions of each subset in the peripheral blood.

- "Life after the thymus: CD31+ and CD31- human naïve CD4+ T-cell subsets" Blood, 22 January 2009, Vol. 113, No. 4, pp769-774.
- "Central Memory and Effector Memory T Cell Subsets: Function, Generation, and Maintenance." Annual Review of Immunology, 2004, 22:745-763

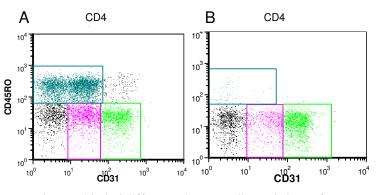


Figure 1. Typical differences in CD4 cell populations of an adult (A) versus a pediatric sample (B). The

CD45RO-CD31bright are recent thymic emmigrants while the CD45RO-CD31dim are cells that have proliferated but not yet encountered antigen. CD45RO+ are memory cells.

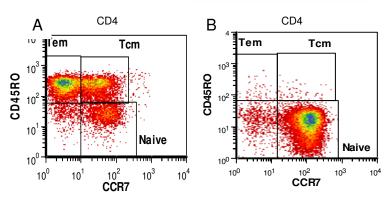


Figure 2. An adult (A) and a pediatric sample (B) illustrating the CD4 Tem and Tcm population changes with age. Tcm cells are CCR7+.

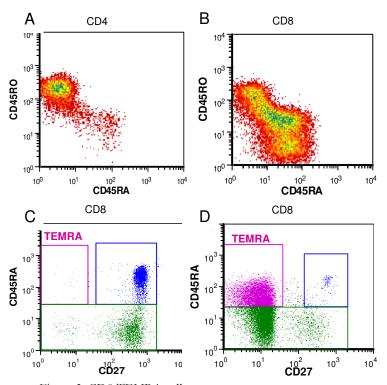


Figure 3. CD8 TEMRA cells (memory cells that have reacquired RA) are usually a small proportion of total memory cells. An adult control (C) is shown exhibiting few CD8 TEMRA. Using our old methodology a patient would have been classified as having a high percentage of Naïve CD8 (B), but by using the new gating strategies and antibodies in the revised panel, we more accurately classify this patient's CD8 population as TEMRA cells (D). Note the difference in this patient's CD4 (A) and CD8 (B) compartments.



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WASP Transplant Panel

Many may already be familiar with our Wiskott-Aldrich Syndrome Protein (WASP) Screening Assay, in which we compare WASP expression on patient lymphocytes against normal peripheral blood (PB) control lymphocytes. In this assay we report a ratio of the mean channels (MC, or intensity of staining). It is a very useful assay to serve as a screen for potential disease state (see Figure 4).

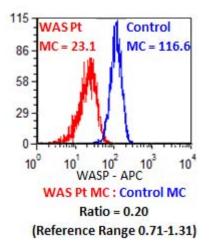


Figure 4. Histogram of a WAS patient overlaid with the PB control showing very descreased WASP expression.

The WASP Transplant Panel is intended to monitor the absence or otherwise atypical staining pattern of intracellular WASP after Bone Marrow Transplantation (BMT). Success of engraftment after BMT can be evaluated by performing multicolor flow cytometric analysis using monoclonal antibodies to cell surface antigens to characterize the hematopoetic cell populations of interest before the intracellular staining for WASP. We can, therefore, indicate the disease, carrier state, or mixed chimerism after BMT.

We look at the WASP expression on CD4+ and CD8+ T cells, NK cells, B cells, Monocytes, and Granulocytes. If we note chimeric expression, we include the percent of each cell lineage expressing or not expressing the WASP.

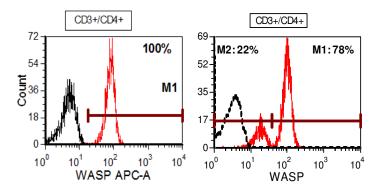


Figure 5. WASP expression on CD4+ T cells on a healthy control (left) and a WAS Patient Post-Transplant with mixed donor chimerism (right). Note the 78% donor cells in Marker 1 (M1) and 22% recipient in Marker 2 (M2).

Patient Vignette:

An infant male, who presented at another institution with petechiae at birth as well as occasional eczema and blood in stool, was diagnosed with WAS at four months of age. He underwent a preparative regimen of Bu/Cy/ATG and was transplanted with a 10/10 cord blood (male donor). He had minimal problems during his transplant hospital course. At Day +28 he was found to be only 30% donor. Immune suppression (cyclosporine and MMF) was rapidly weaned off, and he has since continued to have increasing engraftment, with total engraftment now 90% donor. A WASP transplant panel was performed and expression was very encouraging with a good percentage of all T, Myeloid, and NK cells expressing WASP (Figure 5). The current plan is to continue monitoring and comparing total engraftment and WASP Transplant expression monthly until stable. Lymphocyte Subsets, CD45 RARO, and Mitogen Stimulation are also regularly ordered to observe T cell reconstitution. With evidence of increasing engraftment, the family was reminded to monitor for signs of GVHD.



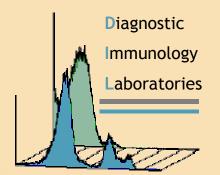
The Diagnostic Immunology Laboratories, consisting of the Clinical Immunology Laboratory and the Research Immunology Laboratory, are committed to providing the highest quality, comprehensive clinical testing available to aid in the detection, diagnosis and treatment of pediatric immunologic, as well as oncologic and hematologic, disorders. We're committed to applying scientific advances to promote efficiency, enhance patient care and improve clinical utility.

The clinical diagnostic laboratories are in compliance with all major regulatory agencies including CLIA (Clinical Laboratory Improvement Amendments), CAP (College of American Pathologists), HCFA (Health Care Financing Administration), HIPAA (Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act) and JCAHO (Joint Commission on Accreditation of Healthcare Organizations).

The current menu of immunologic assays and information regarding shipping instructions is published on the last page of this Newsletter. The accompanying Test Requisition Form can be obtained through our website. Previous editions of the Newsletter can also be found at this website: www.cchmc.org/DIL

CONTACT US

Please visit our website or call us with any inquiries: Ph: 513-636-4685 Fax: 513-636-3861 www.cchmc.org/DIL



New Tests *Now* Available:

- Cytokine Panel, now available on peripheral blood AND CSF Cytokines included are:
 - IL-1B IL-2

_	IL-4	- IL-5

- IL-6 IL-8
- IL-10 IFN-g
- TNF-a GM-CSF
- Neopterin, peripheral blood and CSF

New Tests Down The Pipeline:

- B Cell Panel (new markers!)
- Campath Plasma Levels
- Extended Mitogen Panel (PHA, PMA Calcium lonophore at three concentrations, IL-2, CD3/CD28
- Restimulation Induced Cell Death (RICD), complements Fas-mediated Apoptosis assay

Feedback:

We would like to hear from our Clients. We invite you to share your questions and comments with us. Feel free to send/fax/email your comments to us: Fax 513-636-3861; Email: <u>immunodeficiencies@cchmc.org</u>



Cincinnati Children's Hospital New Liberty Campus Location



From the Diagnostic

Immunology Laboratories

Current Menu of Available Tests:

Cincinnati Children's change the outcome	Diagnostic Immunology Laboratory Ph: 513-636-4685 Fax: 513-636-3861 www.cchmc.org/DIL Test Requisition Form - 050112		Cincinnati Ch 3333 Burnet A Cincinnati, Of MUST be received Maintain all samples, ur	I 45229-3039 within 24 hrs of being drawn Ispun, at room temperature.
Please call with the courier and tracking number of the package. PATIENT & SAMPLE INFORMATION			Use Diagnostic Specimen packs and FIRST OVERNI PRIORITY SHIPPING to ensure timely delivery. The lab operates M-F only. Closed Saturday and Sun	
Patient Name	Patient Identification Number		Date of Sample	Time of Sample
Date of Birth	Gender: Male D Fema	ale	Has the patient underg	
Diagnosis or reason for testing			T TNOT TES - Gale C	Diagnosis Code
ESTS REQUESTED	3ml (1ml) EDTA CBC/Diff ³		Class I & II	
Antigen Stimulation	10ml (5ml) Sodium Heparin ¹		class I & II gen Stimulation	3ml (1ml) EDTA 10ml (5ml) Sodium Heparin ¹
CD127 / CD132 CTL Function Cytokines, Intracellular Cytokines, Plasma or CSF EBV Immortalized Cell Line	3ml (1ml) EDTA CBC/Diff ² 3ml (1ml) EDTA 5ml (3ml) Sodium Heparin	 Neut NK F Perfo PNH pST/ SAP Solui Solu	rophil Adhesion Markers(rophil Oxidative Burst vunction screen (FLAER/CD59) AT5 (XLP1) ble CD163 ble IL-2R bd Engraftment α/β / TCR γ/δ V beta Repertoire	3ml (1ml) EDTA, or CSF ³ CD18/CD11b) 3ml (1ml) EDTA 3ml (1ml) EDTA 10ml (5ml) Sodium Heparin ¹ 3ml (1ml) EDTA 3ml (2ml) EDTA 3ml (1ml) Sodium Heparin 3ml (1ml) Sodium Heparin 3ml (1ml) EDTA

2. Results of a same day CBC/Diff must accompany the sample where indicated (used to report absolute cell counts).
 3. Neopterin or Cytokine CSF samples should be shipped at 2-8°C. Neopterin/Plasma Cytokine EDTA samples should be

shipped at room temperature.

IN THE UPCOMING ISSUE:

 Apoptosis – Restimulation Induced Cell Death (RICD)





