

LEGEND: Evidence Appraisal of a Single Study

Meaning, KAB (Knowledge, Attitudes, Beliefs)

Meta-Synthesis

Reviewer:

Today's Date:

Final Evidence Level:

Project/Topic of your Clinical Question:

Article Title:

Year:

First Author:

Journal:

Do the study aim/purpose/objectives and inclusion/exclusion criteria assist in answering your clinical question?

☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Unknown

• Study Aim/Purpose/Objectives:

• Inclusion Criteria:

• Exclusion Criteria:

When reading the bolded questions, consider the bulleted questions to help answer the main question.

If you are uncertain of your skills in evidence evaluation, please consult a local evidence expert for assistance:

- [CCHMC Evidence Experts](#)

Unfamiliar terms can be found in the [LEGEND Glossary](#).

General Questions

1. **Were qualitative designs identified?** ☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Unknown

- What were the qualitative designs? (Check all that apply.)

- | | |
|--|--------------------------------------|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Ethnography | <input type="checkbox"/> Focus Group |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Grounded Theory | <input type="checkbox"/> Narrative |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Phenomenology | <input type="checkbox"/> Other*: |

* Case studies and descriptive studies with open ended questions provide qualitative information, but are not qualitative studies.
Terms defined in EBDM Glossary

2. **Was the area of study clearly stated in one sentence?** ☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Unknown

3. **Were the designs appropriate to explore the area of study being studied?** ☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Unknown

4. **Was a guiding framework identified?** ☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Unknown

5. **Was the guiding framework appropriate for the area of study being evaluated?** ☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Unknown

6. **Were participants selected in accordance with the needs of the study?** ☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Unknown
(i.e., purposeful sampling)

7. **Were the settings clearly identified for the area of study being studied?** ☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Unknown
• Were the settings appropriate for the area of study being studied?

8. **Were the contexts of the participants analyzed using the words of the participants in all included studies?** ☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Unknown

Comments on Study Validity:

Evaluation Criteria for Qualitative Studies

Credibility

Are the findings credible?

9. **Was the credibility of included studies reported?** ☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Unknown

Confirmability

Are the Findings verified within the context?

10. **Did the researchers report how findings (themes) were confirmed?** ☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Unknown

- How were findings confirmed? (Check all that apply.)

- | | |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Participants | <input type="checkbox"/> Reflections with Participants throughout Study |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Experts | <input type="checkbox"/> Use of Field Notes |

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Meaning In Context

Are the Findings reported within the context of the area of study?

11. Did the researchers discuss the essence (meaning) of the findings (themes) within the socio-cultural context?

☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Unknown

- Were the findings reported in terms of the context:

- ☐ of the participants
- ☐ of the culture / group
- ☐ of the environment

Saturation

Was the data collected until there was no new information coming forth?

12. Was saturation discussed and reached in the included studies?

☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Unknown

Recurrent Patterning

Is there consistency in repeated patterns, themes, & acts over time?

13. Were the data analysis methods identified in the included studies?

☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Unknown

14. Were the themes reported in terms of the theoretical framework?

☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Unknown

- Were the themes supported by the raw data?
- Did the raw data fall into patterns?
- Were patterns reported as themes?

Transferability

Are the findings transferable?

15. Was this information gained from the study applicable to my patient population?

☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Unknown

Comments on Evaluation Criteria:

Additional Comments or Conclusions ("Take-Home Points")

Quality Level / Evidence Level

- Consider each "No" answer and the degree to which this limitation is a threat to the validity of the results, then check the appropriate box to assign the level of quality for this study/article.
- Consider an "Unknown" answer to one or more questions as a similar limitation to answering "No," if the information is not available in the article.

The Evidence Level is:

- ☐ Good Quality Meta-Synthesis [1a]
- ☐ Lesser Quality Meta-Synthesis [1b]
- ☐ Not Valid, Reliable, or Applicable

Table of Evidence Levels								
DOMAIN OF CLINICAL QUESTION	TYPE OF STUDY / STUDY DESIGN							
	Meta-Synthesis	Qualitative Study	Mixed Methods Study	Guidelines	Case Reports N-of-1 Study	Bench Study	Published Expert Opinion	Local Consensus Published Abstracts
	1a 1b	2a 2b	2/3/4 a/b	5a 5b	5a 5b	5a 5b	5a 5b	5

+ KAB = Knowledge, Attitudes, and Beliefs

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Development for these appraisal forms are based on:

1. Guyatt, G.; Rennie, D.; Evidence-Based Medicine Working Group.; and American Medical Association.: Users' guides to the medical literature : a manual for evidence-based clinical practice. *Users' guides to the medical literature : a manual for evidence-based clinical practice*: "JAMA & archives journals." Chicago, IL, 2002
2. Melnyk, B. M. and E. Fineout-Overholt (2005). Evidence-based practice in nursing & healthcare : a guide to best practice. Philadelphia, Lippincott Williams & Wilkins.
3. Lohr, K. N. and T. S. Carey (1999). "Assessing "best evidence": issues in grading the quality of studies for systematic reviews." Joint Commission Journal on Quality Improvement 25(9): 470-9.
4. Jerosch-Herold, C. (2005). "An evidence-based approach to choosing outcome measures: a checklist for the critical appraisal of validity, reliability and responsiveness studies." British Journal of Occupational Therapy 68(8): 347-53.
5. Phillips, et al: Oxford Centre for Evidence-based Medicine Levels of Evidence, 2001. Last accessed Nov 14, 2007 from <http://www.cebm.net/index.aspx?o=1025>.
6. Fineout-Overholt and Johnston: Teaching EBP: asking searchable, answerable clinical questions. *Worldviews Evid Based Nurs*, 2(3): 157-60, 2005.
7. Clark, E., Burkett, K., & Stanko-Lopp, D. (2009, Dec). Let Evidence Guide Every New Decision (LEGEND): an evidence evaluation system for point-of-care clinicians and guideline development teams [CCHMC LEGEND development]. *J Eval Clin Pract*, 15(6), 1054-1060.
8. Denzin, N. & Lincoln, Y. (2005). *The Sage Handbook of Qualitative Research*, Sage Publications: Thousand Oaks, California.
9. Freshwater, D. (2004). *Deconstructing Evidence Based Practice*, Routledge: New York: New York.
10. Guba, Y. & Lincoln, E. (1989). *Fourth Generation Evaluation*, Sage Publications: Newbury Park, California.
11. Leininger, M (1991). *Culture care diversity and universality: A theory of Nursing*, National League for Nursing Press: New York
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14. Morse, J., Swanson, J., & Kuzal, A. (2001). *The Nature of Qualitative Evidence*, Sage Publications: Thousand Oaks, California.