**LEGEND: Evidence Appraisal of a Single Study** *Etiology, Risk Factors, Prevalence, Incidence* 





Reviewer: Project/Topic of your Clinical Question:			Today's Date:	Final	Final Evidence Level:						
Arti Yea	cle Title: r:	First Author:	J	ournal:							
answ	ne study aim/purpose/ vering your clinical qu study Aim/Purpose/Obje	estion?	on/exclusion criteria assist in	□ Yes	□ No	□ Unknown					
• Ir	nclusion Criteria:										
• E	xclusion Criteria:										
If you	u are uncertain of your s  CCHMC Eviden	skills in evidence evaluat	lleted questions to help answer the ion, please consult a local evidence sary.	•		ce:					
Val	idity	Are the results of	the systematic review or meta-	analysis va	lid?						
1.	Did the overview add	dress a focused clinica	I question?	Journal:  ist in		☐ Unknown					
2.		elevant studies detaile portant, relevant studies we		☐ Yes	□ No	☐ Unknown					
3.			ssigned a high level of quality?	☐ Yes	□ No	☐ Unknown					
4.	<ul> <li>Were the methods consistent or homogeneous from study to study?</li> <li>Did the overview describe the study populations at a well-defined point in the course of disease?</li> <li>Were the participants sufficiently similar (homogeneous) with respect to known factors of interest (e.g., demographic, exposure, risk, treatment, or etiology)?</li> <li>Were similar objective and unbiased outcome criteria used?</li> </ul>										
5.	<ul> <li>Sponsors, Funding Ag</li> </ul>	rom conflict of interest	:?	⊔ Yes	⊔ No	☐ Unknown					
	nments on Study Valid	lity:	udy results important?								
6.	<ul> <li>Were the statistical an</li> </ul>	analysis methods appro alysis methods clearly desc lluated, was a statistical adj	-	□ Yes	□ No	□ Unknown					
7.	<ul> <li>What were the main results of the systematic review/meta-analysis? (e.g., Helpful data: Page #, Table #, Figures, Graphs)</li> <li>For an Etiology Study: How strong is the association/correlation between exposure and outcome?</li> <li>For a Prevalence or Incidence Study: What is the rate? <ul> <li>(e.g., number per population [prevalence] or number per population per year or other time period [incidence] )?</li> </ul> </li> <li>What were the measures of statistical uncertainty (e.g., precision)? <ul> <li>(Were the results presented with Confidence Intervals or Standard Deviations?)</li> </ul> </li> </ul>										
8.	Were the results stat	tistically significant?	☐ Yes	□ No	☐ Unknown						
9.	Were the results clin If potential confounder		y discussed in relationship to the resul	☐ <b>Yes</b> Its?	□ No	☐ Unknown					
Con	nments on Study Relia	bility:									

## **LEGEND: Evidence Appraisal of a Single Study** Etiology, Risk Factors, Prevalence, Incidence Systematic Review / Meta-Analysis



Applicability Can I apply these valid, important study results to my patients?											
10.	Can the results be applied to my population of interest?	☐ Yes	□ No	☐ Unknown							
	<ul> <li>Do the exposures or outcomes apply to my population or question of interest?</li> </ul>										
	Were the participants or populations in this study similar to my population of interest?										
11.	Are my patient's and family's values and preferences satisfied by knowledge gained from this study (such as outcomes considered)?	☐ Yes	□ No	☐ Unknown							
12.	Would you include this study/article in development of a care recommendation?	☐ Yes	□ No	□ Unknown							
Comments on Study Applicability:											
Additional Comments or Conclusions ("Take-Home Points")											
Quality Level / Evidence Level											
<ul> <li>Consider each "No" answer and the degree to which this limitation is a threat to the validity of the results, then check the appropriate box to assign the level of quality for this study/article.</li> <li>Consider an "Unknown" answer to one or more questions as a similar limitation to answering "No," if the information is not available in the article.</li> </ul>											
The Evidence Level is:											
	☐ Good Quality Systematic Review [1]	a]									
	☐ Lesser Quality Systematic Review [1]										
	□ Not Valid Reliable or Applicable										

Table of Evidence Levels															
TYPE OF STUDY / STUDY DESIGN															
DOMAIN OF CLINICAL QUESTION	Systematic Review Meta–Analysis	RCT ⁺	CCT ⁺	Cohort – Prospective	Cohort – Retrospective	Case – Control	Cross – Sectional	Descriptive Study Epidemiology Case Series	Mixed Methods Study	Decision Analysis Economic Analysis Computer Simulation	Guidelines	Case Reports N-of-1 Study	Bench Study	Published Expert Opinion	Local Consensus Published Abstracts
Etiology /	<b>1</b> a	<b>2</b> a	3a	3a	4a	4a	4a	4a	2/3/4	5a	5a	5a	5a	5a	5
Risk Factors	1b	2b	3b	3b	4b	4b	4b	4b	a/b	5b	5b	5b	5b	5b	
Incidence	1a			2a	<b>3</b> a			4a			5a	5a	5a	5a	5
incidence	1b			2b	3b			4b			5b	5b	5b	5b	
Duovolonee	1a					3a	3a	4a			5a	5a	5a	5a	5
Prevalence	1b					3b	3b	4b			5b	5b	5b	5b	

\* RCT = Randomized Controlled Trial; CCT = Controlled Clinical Trial

Development for this appraisal form is based on:

- 1. Guyatt, G.; Rennie, D.; Evidence-Based Medicine Working Group.; and American Medical Association.: Users' guides to the medical literature: a manual for evidencebased clinical practice. Users' guides to the medical literature: a manual for evidence-based clinical practice: "JAMA & archives journals." Chicago, IL, 2002

  2. Melnyk, B. M. and E. Fineout-Overholt (2005). Evidence-based practice in nursing & healthcare: a guide to best practice. Philadelphia, Lippincott Williams & Wilkins.
- 3. Phillips, et al: Oxford Centre for Evidence-based Medicine Levels of Evidence, 2001. Last accessed Nov 14, 2007 from http://www.cebm.net/index.aspx?o=1025.
- Fineout-Overholt and Johnston: Teaching EBP: asking searchable, answerable clinical questions. Worldviews Evid Based Nurs, 2(3): 157-60, 2005.
   Lohr, K. N. and T. S. Carey (1999). "Assessing "best evidence": issues in grading the quality of studies for systematic reviews." Joint Commission Journal on Quality
- Improvement 25(9): 470-9.
- 6. Jerosch-Herold, C. (2005). "An evidence-based approach to choosing outcome measures: a checklist for the critical appraisal of validity, reliability and responsiveness studies." British Journal of Occupational Therapy 68(8): 347-53.
- Fineout-Overholt and Johnston: Teaching EBP: asking searchable, answerable clinical questions. Worldviews Evid Based Nurs, 2(3): 157-60, 2005.
- Clark, E., Burkett, K., & Stanko-Lopp, D. (2009, Dec). Let Evidence Guide Every New Decision (LEGEND): an evidence evaluation system for point-of-care clinicians and guideline development teams [CCHMC LEGEND development]. J Eval Clin Pract, 15(6), 1054-1060.