Hypoglycemia (Low Glucose) Emergency Plan for a Student with Diabetes on Basal Bolus Insulin Injection or Pump Therapy

Student's Name		Address		Date of Birth
School Name			Grade	School Year
Mother/Guardi	an		Father/Guardian	
Home Phone	Work Phone	Cell Phone	Home Phone Work I	Phone Cell Phone
		Causes of I	- Hypoglycemia	
		Too much insulin	 Delayed food 	
		Missed food	Exercise	
	L			
		Syr	nptoms	
	<u> </u>			
	Mild to I Hungry Headache Shaky Blurred vision Other Parent to circle to	WeakAnxious	Seve Loss of cons Seizure Inability to s	sciousness
			\downarrow	
	Notify schoolIf possible, to	a student with suspected nurse or trained perstest glucose.	tions ted low glucose anywhere a connel. to test but student is symp	

Treatment of Mild to Moderate

- Immediately give a fast-acting carbohydrate such as:
 - 4 oz. fruit juice or 4 oz regular pop or
 - 5-8 lifesaver candies or
 - 3-4 glucose tablets or
 - 3 packets of sugar
- Wait 15 minutes.
- Retest the glucose.
- Repeat treatment and retest every 15 minutes until the glucose is greater than 70 mg/dL.
- Contact the parents/guardians if the student required a repeat treatment or if the glucose was less than 50 mg/dL or if the student had more than one episode of hypoglycemia during the school day.

Treatment of Severe

- Don't attempt to give anything by mouth.
- Position on side, if possible.
- Have trained personnel administer glucagon, as prescribed.
- Call 911.
- Stay with the student.
- Contact the parents/guardians.
- When the student awakens and can swallow, encourage the student to take small sips of fruit juice or regular pop. If tolerated, follow with a snack consisting of a carbohydrate and a fat, such as peanut butter crackers.